Options for ABB drives

User's manual FPTC-01 thermistor protection module (option +L536) for ACS880 drives



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List of related manuals

Drive hardware manuals

Drive hardware manuals	Code (EN)
ACS880-01 hardware manual	3AUA0000078093
ACS880-04 hardware manual	3AUA0000128301
ACS880-04 drive module packages hardware manual	3AUA0000138495
ACS880-11 hardware manual	3AXD50000045932
ACS880-31 hardware manual	3AXD50000045933
ACS880-14 and -34 hardware manual	3AXD50000022021
ACS880-04XT (500 to 1200 kW) hardware manual	3AXD50000025169
ACS880-04F drive modules hardware manual	3AXD50000034664
ACS880-M04 hardware manual	3AXD50000028613
ACS880-07 (45 to 630 kW) hardware manual	3AUA0000105718
ACS880-07 (560 to 2800 kW) hardware manual	3AUA0000143261
ACS880-17 (160 to 3200 kW) hardware manual	3AXD50000020436
ACS880-17 (45400 kW) hardware manual	3AXD50000035158
ACS880-37 (160 to 3200 kW) hardware manual	3AXD50000020437
ACS880-37 (45400 kW) hardware manual	3AXD50000035159
ACS880-104 inverter modules hardware manual	3AUA0000104271
ACS880-104LC inverter modules hardware manual	3AXD50000045610
ACS880-107 inverter units hardware manual	3AUA0000102519
Drive firmware manuals	
ACS880 primary control program firmware manual	3AUA0000085967
Option manuals and guides	
FSO-12 safety functions module user's manual	3AXD50000015612
FSO-21 safety functions module user's manual	3AXD50000015614
FSE-31 pulse encoder interface module user's manual	3AXD50000016597
FPTC-01 thermistor protection module (option +L536) user's manual	3AXD50000027750
Manuals and quick guides for I/O extension modules, fieldbus adapters, etc.	
Drive PC tool manuals	
Drive composer start-up and maintenance PC tool user's manual	3AUA0000094606
General safety guides	
Functional safety; Technical guide No. 10	3AUA0000048753
Safety and functional safety; A general guide	1SFC001008B0201
ABB Safety information and solutions	www.abb.com/safety
Potentially explosive atmospheres. The basics you need to know about motors and drives	3AUA0000037223

Code (EN)

You can find manuals and other product documents in PDF format on the Internet. See section *Document library on the Internet* on the inside of the back cover. For manuals not available in the Document library, contact your local ABB representative.

User's manual

FPTC-01 thermistor protection module (option +L536) for ACS880 drives



3AXD50000027750 Rev C EN EFFECTIVE: 2018-03-22

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Safety

Contents this chapter

The chapter contains the warning symbols used in this manual and the safety instructions which you must obey when you install or connect an option module to a drive. If you ignore the safety instructions, injury, death or damage can occur. Read this chapter before you start the installation.

Use of warnings

Warnings tell you about conditions which can cause injury or death, or damage to the equipment. They also tell you how to prevent the danger. The manual uses these warning symbols:



Electricity warning tells you about hazards from electricity which can cause injury or death, or damage to the equipment.





General warning tells you about conditions, other than those caused by electricity, which can cause injury or death, or damage to the equipment.

Safety in installation and maintenance

These instructions are for all who install or connect an option module to a drive and need to open its front cover or door to do the work.



WARNING! Obey these instructions. If you ignore them, injury or death, or damage to the equipment can occur.

- If you are not a qualified electrician, do not do installation or maintenance work.
- Disconnect the drive from all possible power sources. After you have disconnected the drive, always wait for 5 minutes to let the intermediate circuit capacitors discharge before you continue.
- Disconnect all dangerous voltages connected to other connectors or parts in reach. For example, it is possible that 230 V AC is connected from outside to a relay output of the drive.
- Always use a multimeter to make sure that there are no parts under voltage in reach. The impedance of the multimeter must be at least 1 Mohm.



WARNING! The Safe torgue off (STO) feature of ACS880 drives cannot prevent the intermediate DC current from flowing through, and heating up, the motor in case a short circuit occurs in the output stage of the drive. The supplier must take this into account when planning the protection of the installation



WARNING! ACS880 cabinet-built drives: Never connect, test or measure a drive based on the diagrams of this manual. Each delivery is unique. Before starting the work on the electric circuits of a drive, always refer to the deliveryspecific circuit diagrams.

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2

Introduction to the manual

Contents of this chapter

This chapter gives basic information on the manual.

Applicability

This manual applies to the FPTC-01 module and to the Safe motor temperature safety function which uses the FPTC-01 module (option +L536).

Compatibility

The FPTC-01 module is compatible with:

- ACS880-01/04/04XT/04F/M04/11/31/14/34/104 drives and modules
- ACS880-07/17/37 cabinet-built single drives
- ACS880 multidrives
- · FSO-12 safety functions module
- FSO-21 safety functions module
- ACS880 primary control program version 2.10 or later
 - Other control programs: Check the compatibility with your local ABB representative.
- ACS880 liquid-cooled drives, modules and multidrives: Check the compatibility with your local ABB representative.

Target audience

This manual is intended for people who plan the installation, install, start up, use and service the option module. Before you do work on the module, read this manual and the applicable drive manual that contains the hardware and safety instructions for the product in question.

You are expected to know the fundamentals of electricity, wiring, electrical components and electrical schematic symbols and Ex regulations.

The manual is written for readers worldwide. Both SI and imperial units are shown.

Contents of the manual

The manual consists of these chapters:

- Safety contains the safety instructions which you must obey when you install the module.
- Introduction to the manual (this chapter) introduces the manual.
- Hardware description gives a short description of the module.
- Option description and instructions describes the Safe motor temperature function implemented with the module and the drive Safe torque off function.
- *Mechanical installation* contains a delivery checklist and instructions on installing the module.
- *Electrical installation* contains instructions on wiring the module.
- *Parameter settings* lists the parameters related to the safety function.
- Start-up and acceptance test contains instructions on starting up the module and the acceptance test for the Safe motor temperature function.
- *Fault tracing* shows how to trace faults with the status LEDs on the module.
- Technical data contains the technical data of the module, the safety data and relevant certificates and Declarations of Conformity.

Related documents

- · Product manuals, see the inside of the front cover.
- ACS880 cabinet-built drives: Circuit diagrams delivered with the drive.

Terms and abbreviations

Term/abbreviation	Description
Cat.	Category. Classification of the safety-related parts of a control system in respect of their resistance to faults and their subsequent behavior in the fault condition, and which is achieved by the structural arrangement of the parts, fault detection and/or by their reliability. The categories are: B, 1, 2, 3 and 4.
CCF	Common cause failure (EN ISO 13849-1)
DC	Diagnostic coverage (%) (EN ISO 13849-1)
DI	Digital input
DO	Digital output
DTC	Direct torque control
EMC	Electromagnetic compatibility
Ex	An IEC term used in the context of explosive atmospheres
Ex d	Type of protection, flameproof enclosures (EN/IEC 60079-1)
Exe	Type of protection, increased safety (EN 60079-7:2007 and IEC 60079-7:2006), to be replaced with Ex eb
Ex eb, Ex ec	Types of protection, increased safety (IEC 60079-7:2015)
Ex motors	Motors used in explosive atmospheres
Ex nA	Type of protection, non-sparking enclosures (EN/IEC 60079-15:2010), to be replaced with Ex ec
FEA-03	F-series extension adapter module
FPTC-01	Thermistor protection module
FSE-31	Pulse encoder interface module which can be used in safety applications
FSO	Safety functions module (FSO-12 or FSO-21)
FSO-12	Safety functions module which does not support the use of safety encoders

Term/abbreviation	Description
FSO-21	Safety functions module which supports the FSE-31 module and the use of safety encoders
GND	Ground
HFT	Hardware fault tolerance. (EN/IEC 62061, IEC 61508)
MTTFD	Mean time to dangerous failure: (The total number of life units) / (the number of dangerous, undetected failures) during a particular measurement interval under stated conditions (EN ISO 13849-1)
PELV	Protected extra-low voltage (IEC 60364-4-41)
PFD _{avg}	Average probability of dangerous failure on demand (IEC 61508, EN/IEC 61800-5-2, EN/IEC 62061)
PFH	Average frequency of dangerous failures per hour [1/h] (IEC 61508, EN/IEC 61800-5-2, EN/IEC 62061)
PL	Performance level (levels are: a, b, c, d and e). Corresponds to SIL. (EN ISO 13849-1)
PTC	Positive temperature coefficient
SAR	Safe acceleration range. In the FSO module, there are two sets of SAR parameters (SAR0 and SAR1) that are used to define and/or monitor the deceleration ramp in safety functions.
Safety system	Whole safety system including, for example, human interface, FPTC-01 module, FSO module, drive and sensors.
SBC	Safe brake control. A safety function in the FSO module.
SC	Systematic capability (IEC 61508)
SFF	Safe failure fraction (%) (IEC 61508).
SIL	Safety integrity level (levels are: 1, 2, 3, and 4). Corresponds to PL. (IEC 61508)
SILCL	SIL claim limit. Maximum SIL that can be claimed for a safety function or subsystem. (EN/IEC 62061)
SMT	Safe motor temperature. (EN/IEC 61800-5-2)

Term/abbreviation	Description
SS1	Safe stop 1 (EN/IEC 61800-5-2). A safety function in the FSO module.
SSE	Safe stop emergency. A safety function in the FSO module.
STO	 Safe torque off. (EN/IEC 61800-5-2) In this manual, this term is used in two different contexts: the STO circuit in the drive (the drive STO function) the STO safety function in the FSO module.
Stop category 0	Uncontrolled stop (EN/IEC 60204-1)
Stop category 1	Controlled stop (EN/IEC 60204-1)
Τ1	Proof test interval (IEC 61508). T1 is a parameter used to define the probabilistic failure rate (PFH or PFD_{avg}) for the safety function or subsystem. Performing a proof test at a maximum interval of T1 is required to keep the SIL capability valid. The same interval must be followed to keep the PL capability (EN ISO 13849) valid. Note that any T1 values stated cannot be regarded as a guarantee or warranty. See also section <i>Proof test interval</i> on page 74.
XFLT	PTC input for the Safe motor temperature (SMT) fault in the FPTC module
XWRN	PTC input for a motor temperature warning in the FPTC module
Zone	Potentially explosive atmosphere. Hazardous areas are divided into zones, according to the degree of hazard. The degree of hazard is defined according to the probability of the occurrence of explosive atmospheres.

Exclusion of liability

ABB is not responsible for the implementation, verification and validation of the overall safety system. It is the responsibility of the end user (or other party) who is responsible for the overall system, system safety and compliance with Ex regulations.

The end user (or other responsible party) must make sure that the entire implementation complies with all relevant standards, directives and local electrical code, and that the system is tested, verified and validated correctly.

3

Hardware description

Contents of this chapter

This chapter gives a short description of the module.

Product overview

The FPTC-01 module implements the Safe motor temperature (SMT) safety function as defined in EN/IEC 61800-5-2:2007.

Inside the module, there is reinforced insulation between the motor thermistor connection and the other terminals of the module. The insulation forms a reliable protective separation between the motor main circuit and the drive control circuits. Therefore, the drive control board is PELV compatible also when the FPTC-01 module and a thermistor protection circuit are installed.

For more information on isolation areas of the module and insulation between them, see section *Isolation areas* on page 79.

Operation basics

The module includes two PTC sensor inputs:

- XFLT executes the SIL/PL capable SMT safety function by activating the drive Safe torque off (STO) function. This input is a safety-related input and can be used for protection function purposes.
- XWRN generates a warning to the drive. This is not a safetyrelated input and can only be used for indication purposes.

XFLT input (Fault)

When the motor temperature rises above the PTC sensor limit temperature, the sensor resistance increases sharply. This indicates overtemperature to the FPTC-01 module. The FPTC-01 module executes the SMT function by switching off the drive Safe torque off (STO) circuit. This activates the drive STO function.

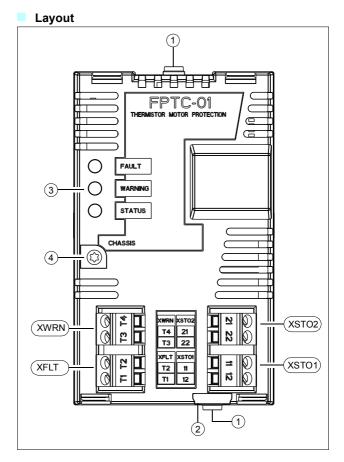
The STO function disables the control voltage of the power semiconductors of the drive output stage. This prevents the drive from generating the torque required to rotate the motor. If the motor is running when the STO function is activated, it coasts to a stop.

Note: If you want to disable the SMT function, you have to connect a resistor (100 ohm...1 kohm 1/4 W wire-wound) in the XFLT input instead of a PTC sensor.

XWRN input (Warning)

When the motor temperature rises above the PTC sensor limit temperature, the sensor resistance increases sharply. The module sends a warning indication to the drive.

For the resistance limits and other technical details of the FPTC-01 module, see chapter *Technical data*.



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ltem	Description
1	Retaining clips
2	Lock
3	Diagnostics LEDs (see section LEDs on page 72)
4	Mounting screw
XWRN	2-pin detachable terminal block for PTC warning (non-safety related)
XFLT	2-pin detachable terminal block for PTC fault (safety related)
XSTO1	2-pin detachable terminal block for STO output 1
XSTO2	2-pin detachable terminal block for STO output 2

Markings

The type designation label is attached on the back side of the FPTC-01 module. An example label and description of the label contents are shown below.



Item	Description		
1	Туре		
2	Serial number of format RYWWSSSS, where		
	R:	Component revision: A, B, C,	
	Y:	Last digit of the manufacturing year: 4, 5, for 2014, 2015	
	WW:	Manufacturing week: 01, 02, for week 1, week 2,	
	SSSS:	Integer starting every week from 0001	
3	ABB MRP code of the module		
4	Combined ABB MRP code, serial number and manufacturing location		
5	RoHS m	nark	

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4

Option description and instructions

Contents of this chapter

This chapter describes the Safe motor temperature function implemented with the FPTC-01module and the drive Safe torque off function and gives instructions for the user.

Overview

To implement the Safe motor temperature (SMT) function, you can connect the FPTC-01 module directly to the drive Safe torque off (STO) circuit, or you can use it together with an FSO module.

The FSO safety functions module (FSO-12 or FSO-21) is an optional device used with the ACS880 drives to implement safety functions. When installed, it reserves the standard STO connection of the drive. In this case, safety function in the FSO module can activate the STO function of the drive (that is, open the drive STO circuit).

Note: The Safe motor temperature function is motor-specific also in the ACS880 multidrives where several motors are connected to the drive.

ACS880-01/04/04XT/04F/M04/11/31/14/34/104 drives and modules

The module is available as a factory-installed option (+L536) or as an add-on kit for drives and modules.

For the kit, the user:

- installs the option module to an option slot of the drive control unit, and sets the related drive parameters
- connects the PTC temperature sensors of the motor to the PTC inputs of the option module, and
- connects the drive STO terminals to the STO output of the option module (or to the FSO module and configures the FSO module to perform the STO function).

Cabinet-built drives

For cabinet-built ACS880-07/17/37 single drives and ACS880 multidrives, the module is available as factory-installed options:

- +L536
- +L536+Q973 (with the FSO-12 module)
- +L536+Q972 (with the FSO-21 module)
- +L536+Q972+L521 (with the FSO-21 and FSE-31 modules).

The user connects the PTC temperature sensors of the motor to the PTC inputs of the module.

Resetting the safety function

The Ex regulations require that the safety function must be reset manually. When the XFLT input detects a motor overtemperature situation, the FPTC-01 module generates a fault to the drive. The user must reset the drive before it is possible to restart the drive.

When the XWRN input detects a motor overtemperature situation, the FPTC-01 module generates a warning to the drive. This is not a safety-related function and does not need a reset.

When an FSO module is used together with the FPTC-01 module, it is possible that the user must reset the safety function also with a reset button connected to the FSO module. This depends on parameter settings and other safety functions in the FSO module. For more information, see section *FSO module* on page 55.

Note: The reset function of the safety function is not SIL classified.

Indications of the safety function

An indication of the safety function can come from several sources:

- 1. LED indications on the FPTC-01 module:
 - The Fault LED is red when motor temperature is outside the allowed (safe) temperature range (XFLT input).
 - The WARNING LED is red when motor temperature outside the temperature warning range (XWRN input).
- 2. Safe motor temperature fault (XFLT) or motor temperature warning (XWRN) in the drive.
- 3. STO indication in the drive:
 - The drive STO indication is active when the SMT safety function has activated the drive STO function. The type of the indication is set with parameter 31.22.
- 4. STO indication on the FSO module:
 - The STO LED is green when the safety function has activated the drive STO.
- 5. STO indication from the FSO module to the drive:
 - The FSO module sends an indication to the drive when the FSO module activates the drive STO. The type of the indication is set with parameter FSOGEN.61.

To avoid parallel indications, set the STO indication parameters (*31.22* and/or *FSOGEN.61*) to value *None/No indication* or *Event*. See chapter *Parameter settings* for instructions.

Note: The indications of the safety function are not SIL classified.

Switching frequency limitation

The certificate of the Ex motor requires that you set a minimum limit for the switching frequency of the drive. Make sure that the Ex motor is operated above the minimum switching frequency specified by the motor manufacturer.

For ABB Ex motors, use parameter *95.15* to set the required minimum switching frequency (see page *53*).

For Ex motors supplied by other motor manufactures, contact the motor manufacturer for the correct value and your local ABB representative for instructions on how to make the parameter setting in the drive.

Fault reaction function

FPTC-01 module

The FPTC-01 module has a fault reaction function. When the module detects an internal fault or fault in the temperature sensor circuit, it gives a request to the drive control unit to stop modulation and activates the drive STO function.

STO function in the drive/inverter modules

The STO function in the drive/inverter module has internal fault diagnostics and a fault reaction function which causes a fault trip in case it detects a redundancy fault of STO control signals or any internal failure. See the hardware and firmware manuals of the drive/inverter module.

FSO module

The fault reaction function of the FSO module trips the drive if it detects a failure. The FSO module activates the STO or Safe stop emergency (SSE) function. This activates the drive STO function. The drive STO function is active until the fault has been repaired.

Note: With the FPTC module, the recommended type of the SSE function is *Immediate STO*, but other safety functions in the FSO module can require that the type is *Emergency ramp*. With both settings, the FSO module always activates the drive STO function immediately in motor overtemperature situations (SMT function activated).

The FSO module goes into the Fail-safe mode. The FSO module LED STATUS/FAULT is red until the fault has been repaired.

To exit the Fail-safe mode, remove the cause of the fault and reset the FSO module by switching the power off and on, by pressing the **Boot FSO** button on the *Safety view* of Drive composer pro or with drive parameter *96.09 FSO reboot*. For more information, see the drive firmware manual and the FSO module user's manual.

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Mechanical installation

Contents of this chapter

This chapter contains a delivery checklist and instructions on installing the module.

Necessary tools and instructions

• Torx screwdriver (T10)

For a complete list of tools, see the applicable drive hardware manual.

Unpacking and examining the delivery

- 1. Open the option package.
- 2. Make sure that the package contains:
 - FPTC-01 module
 - STO cable
 - this manual.
- 3. Make sure that there are no signs of damage.

Installing the module



WARNING! Obey the safety instructions. See chapter *Safety*. If you ignore the safety instructions, injury or death can occur.

- 1. Pull out the lock.
- 2. Put the module carefully into its position on the drive until the retaining clips lock it into position.
- 3. Push in the lock.
- 4. Tighten the screw.

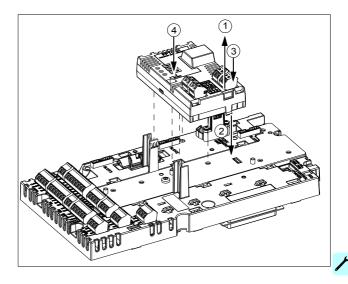
Note: The screw tightens the connections and grounds the module. It is necessary for fulfilling the EMC requirements and for proper operation of the module.



WARNING! Do not tighten the screw tighter than $0.8 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$. Too high a torque breaks the thread.

See the applicable drive manual for further instructions on how to install the module to the drive.

Note: Do not install the FPTC-01 module on an FEA-03 F-series extension adapter. The diagnostics of the module requires that you install it directly on the drive control unit.



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1

6

Electrical installation

Contents of this chapter

This chapter contains instructions on wiring the module.

Warnings



WARNING! Obey the safety instructions. See chapter *Safety*. If you ignore the safety instructions injury or death can occur.

Make sure that the drive is disconnected from the input power during installation. If the drive is already connected to the input power, wait for 5 minutes after disconnecting the input power.

Necessary tools and instructions

Screwdriver with a set of suitable bits, cabling tools.

General cabling instructions

- For the STO circuit wiring, use the type of cable specified in the appropriate drive or inverter module hardware manual (except when an FSO module or other safety relays are installed in the STO command chain).
- 2. Wire only the sensor circuit into the potentially explosive atmosphere.
- 3. The PTC sensor circuit in the Ex Zone must comply with the requirements for the applicable type of protection, such as:
 - Ex d (EN/IEC 60079-1),
 - Ex eb (IEC 60079-7:2015; Ex e in EN 60079-7:2007 and IEC 60079-7:2006),
 - Ex ec (IEC 60079-7:2015; Ex nA in EN/IEC 60079-15:2010).
- 4. Install the drive (or inverter module), the Safe torque off (STO) circuit, and the protection relay outside the hazardous zone.
- 5. Route the sensor cables away from the motor cable.
- 6. We recommend to use a shielded sensor cable to minimize electromagnetic interference from power cables.

Note: The drive STO function has a redundant architecture, that is, both STO channels must be used in the safety function implementation. For more information, see the hardware manual.

If you do not want to use the XFLT input (Fault), connect a resistor (100 ohm...1 kohm 1/4 W wire-wound) in the XFLT input instead of a PTC sensor.

If you do not want to use the XWRN input (Warning), disable the motor temperature warning with a parameter setting (see chapter *Parameter settings* on page 51).

Terminal designations

Marking	Description
XSTO1	STO channel 1
11	In, +24 V DC in for STO
12	Out, +24 V DC out for STO
XSTO2	STO channel 2
21	In, +24 V DC in for STO
22	Out, +24 V DC out for STO
XFLT	PTC FAULT (SMT function)
T1	In, 0+5 V DC
T2	Out
XWRN	PTC WARNING (non-safety related)
Т3	In, 0+5 V DC
T4	Out

Wiring

This section presents five ways to connect the FPTC-01 module to the drive STO terminals.

Wiring example 1 (see page 45): The STO outputs of the FPTC-01 module are connected directly to the STO terminals of the drive.

- ACS880-01/04/04XT/04F/M04/11/31/14/34/104 drives and modules: In the factory-installed option (+L536), the wiring is done at the factory according to this example.
- ACS880 cabinet-built drives: In the option +L536, terminal block [X969] is located between the module and the drive control board (not shown in the figure). See the circuit diagrams delivered with the drive for the actual wiring.

Wiring example 2 (see page 46): The STO outputs of the FPTC-01 module are connected to an FSO module, and the STO outputs of the FSO module to the STO terminals of the drive with a two-channel connection. In this case, the FSO module controls the drive STO function.

• <u>Cabinet-built drives:</u> In the option +L536+Q973/Q972 (+L521), terminal block [X68] is located between the module and the FSO module (not shown in the figure). See the circuit diagrams delivered with the drive for the actual wiring.

Wiring example 3 (see page 47): An external safety relay is connected between the FPTC-01 module and the drive STO inputs with a two-channel connection.

Wiring example 4 (see page *48*): The STO outputs of the FPTC-01 module are connected directly to the STO terminals of the drive with a one-channel connection.

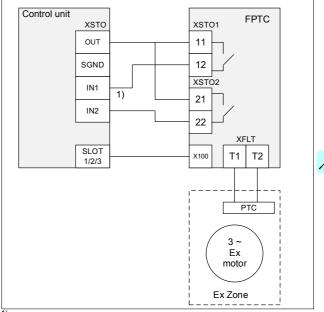
Wiring example 5 (see page 49): The STO outputs of the FPTC-01 module are connected to an FSO module, and the STO outputs of the FSO module to the STO terminals of the drive with a one-channel connection.

Note: If you use a one-channel connection, make sure that you can reach the required safety integrity level (SIL).

Note: Only the XFLT input of the FPTC module is shown in the examples. The XWRN input is not safety-related and does not activate the drive STO function.

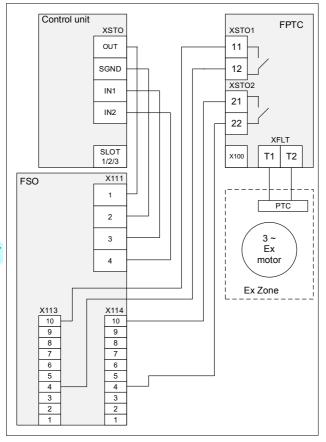
Wiring example 1

This connection is SIL2 capable (redundancy between STO channels).

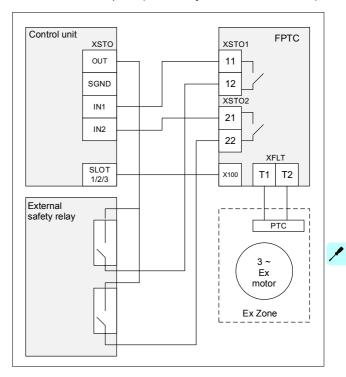


¹⁾ If necessary, you can connect an external device (eg, an emergency stop button) between the XSTO input of the control unit and the XSTO1 & XSTO 2 outputs of the FPTC module. See *Wiring example 3* on page 47.

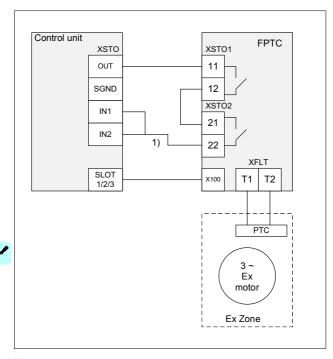
With an FSO module, two-channel connection. This connection is SIL2 capable (redundancy between STO channels).



With an external safety relay, two-channel connection. This connection is SIL2 capable (redundancy between STO channels).

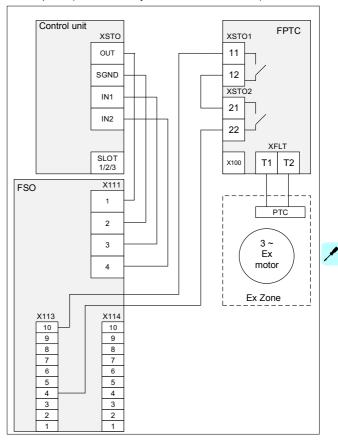


One-channel connection. This connection is SIL1 capable (no redundancy between STO channels).



¹⁾ If necessary, you can connect an external device (eg, an emergency stop button) between the XSTO input of the control unit and the XSTO2 output of the FPTC module.

With an FSO module, one-channel connection. This connection is SIL1 capable (no redundancy between STO channels).



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Parameter settings

Contents of this chapter

This chapter contains the drive and FSO module parameter settings.

Drive/inverter

Use the Drive composer PC tool or the control panel to set the parameter values.

This table lists the parameters related to the safety function in ACS880 primary control program. For more information, see the drive firmware manual.

Index	Name / Value	Description
31.22	run/stop	Selects which indications are given when one or both Safe torque off (STO) signals are switched off or lost. The indications also depend on whether the drive is running or stopped when this occurs. For more information, see the firmware manual.

Index	Name / Value		Descripti	on
	Warning/Warning		drive is ru This para function, b section <i>In</i> page <u>33</u>).	generates a warning both when the nning and when it is stopped. meter value does not affect the SMT out this is the recommended setting (see <i>dications of the safety function</i> on For the cabinet-built drives, ABB has alue at the factory.
35.30		C Acti guration wordunit With non (XW		FPTC modules installed on the control e drive. word, it is also possible to suppress the y related motor temperature warnings iput). It is not possible to suppress the s (XFLT input).
	Bit	Name		Description
	0	Module	in slot 1	1 = Yes: Module installed in slot 1.
	1 Disable warning		slot 1	0 = No (default): Warnings from the module in slot 1 not suppressed. 1 = Yes: Warnings from the module in slot 1 suppressed.
	2	Module	in slot 2	1 = Yes: Module installed in slot 2.
	3	Disable warning		0 = No (default): Warnings from the module in slot 2 not suppressed. 1 = Yes: Warnings from the module in slot 2 suppressed.
	4	Module	in slot 3	1 = Yes: Module installed in slot 3.
	5 Disable s warning		slot 3	0 = No (default): Warnings from the module in slot 3 not suppressed. 1 = Yes: Warnings from the module in slot 3 suppressed.
	615	Reserve	ed	

Index	Name /	Name / Value		on	
35.04			can be use	Displays the status of FPTC modules. The word can be used as the source of eg. external events. This parameter is read-only.	
	Bit	Name		Description	
	0	Module f slot 1	ound in	1 = Yes: An FPTC module has been detected in slot 1.	
	1	Fault act	ive in slot	1 = Yes: The module in slot 1 has an active SMT fault.	
	2	Warning slot 1	active in	1 = Yes: The module in slot 1 has an active motor temperature warning.	
	3	Module f slot 2	ound in	1 = Yes: An FPTC module has been detected in slot 2.	
	4 Fault active in sl		ive in slot	1 = Yes: The module in slot 2 has an active SMT fault.	
	5	Warning slot 2	active in	1 = Yes: The module in slot 2 has an active motor temperature warning.	
	6	Module f slot 3	ound in	1 = Yes: An FPTC module has been detected in slot 3.	
	7	Fault act 3	ive in slot	1 = Yes: The module in slot 3 has an active SMT fault.	
	8	Warning slot 3	active in	1 = Yes: The module in slot 3 has an active motor temperature warning.	
	915	Reserve	d		
95.15				nardware-related settings that can be nd disabled by toggling the specific bits.	
	Bit	Name	Descripti	ion	
	0	EX motor	1 = The driven motor is an Ex motor provided b ABB for potentially explosive atmospheres. Thi sets the required minimum switching frequency for ABB Ex motors.		
				r non-ABB Ex motors, contact your B representative.	

Other recommended settings

We recommend that you also set these parameters to improve the safety of the application:

- minimum and maximum speeds (parameter group 30)
- maximum current, power and torque (group 30)
- acceleration and deceleration times
- stall protection (parameters 31.24 ... 31.28)
- motor load curve (parameters 35.50 ... 35.55)
- motor cable protection (parameters 35.60 35.62)

For more information, see the drive firmware manual.

FSO module

If you use an FSO module with the FPTC-01 module, set and check the FSO parameters listed in this section.

You need the Drive composer pro PC tool to set the FSO module parameters, and a password to be able to download the configuration to the FSO module from Drive composer pro. For the default password of the FSO module, see the FSO module user's manual. For more information on the Drive composer pro PC tool, see *Start-up and maintenance PC tool Drive composer user's manual* (3AUA0000094606 [English]).

Follow the configuration steps described in the FSO module user's manual, chapter *Configuration*.

There are parameters that you must set always to keep the certificate valid and parameters that are related only to certain safety functions. This chapter lists the parameters that are relevant to the option +L536+Q973 (with FSO-12) and +L536+Q972 (with FSO-21).

You can use the FSO-21 module (+Q972) also with a safety pulse encoder and the FSE-31 pulse encoder interface module (+L521). In this case, set the parameters listed in section *FSE module and safety pulse encoder parameters* on page 62.

The example values apply to ACS880 cabinet-built drives. One FPTC module is connected to the FSO module with a two-channel connection (digital inputs X113:4 and X114:4, see the example on page 46).

Configure the FSO module so that it opens the drive STO circuit immediately after the safety function request from the FPTC module (stop category 0). With the FPTC module, you cannot use a stop function with a deceleration ramp (stop category 1). The FSO module always generates a fault and activates the drive STO function immediately in overtemperature situations.

General parameters

Set these FSO parameters always when you use the FSO module with the FPTC-01 module.

Index	Name	Example value	Description
FSOGEN. 11	Stop completed output	None ¹⁾	Sets the digital output that indicates the completion of any stop function. Active when the FSO module has completed the STO, SSE or SS1 function.
FSOGEN. 21	Motor nominal speed	1500 rpm	Sets the nominal motor speed. Adjust the default value to meet the motor in use.
FSOGEN. 22	Motor nominal frequency	50 Hz	Sets the nominal motor frequency. Adjust the default value to meet the motor in use.
FSOGEN. 41	Power-up acknowledge ment	Automatic	Sets the power-up acknowledgement method of the FSO module. <i>Automatic</i> : You do not need to push a reset button after switching on the FSO module. The FSO module generates the acknowledgement signal automatically after the power- up. <i>Manual</i> : The FSO module reads the external acknowledgement signal through the digital input defined by parameter <i>FSOGEN.42</i> . Make sure that the value is <i>Automatic</i> .
	Acknowledg ement button input	None ¹⁾	Selects the digital input for the acknowledgement signal when parameter <i>STO.02</i> has value <i>Manual</i> . In the safety function described in this manual, parameter <i>STO.02</i> has value <i>Automatic</i> and this parameter has value <i>None</i> (no acknowledgement signal connected to the input).

Index Name	Example value	Description
FSOGEN. STO 61 indication ext request	Warning ¹⁾	Sets the type of the event that the FSO module generates and sends to the drive after external requests that end to a successful activation of the drive STO function (STO, SSE or SS1). <i>None, Warning, Event</i> : You do not have to reset the drive/inverter before you can restart it. <i>Fault</i> : You have to reset the drive/inverter before you can restart it.

¹⁾ The value does not affect the SMT function, but other safety functions in the FSO module can require a certain value (see sections *Resetting the safety function* on page 32, *Indications of the safety function* on page 33 and *Additional notes* on page 64).

Parameters related to the STO function

These parameters are related to the STO function of the FSO module. With stop category 0, the FSO module activates the STO function in overtemperature situations. In addition, the FSO module can activate the STO function in fault situations.

Index	Name	Example value	Description
STO.02	STO acknowledge ment	Automatic ¹⁾	used in the STO, SSE and SS1 functions. <i>Automatic</i> : The FSO module resets the STO function automatically after the STO request have been removed. <i>Manual</i> : The FSO module reads the external acknowledgement signal through the digital input defined by
STO.11		None	parameter FSOGEN.42. Sets the digital input that is connected to the primary input of the STO function. In this example, this parameter has value None. Note: The default value after factory reset is DI X113:1 & X114:1. Always check this parameter after factory reset.
STO.12	STO input B	DI X113:4 & X114:4	Sets the digital input that is connected to the secondary input of the STO function. Note: The default value after factory reset is <i>None</i> . Always check this parameter after factory reset. Note: In a non-redundant system, (<i>Wiring example 5</i> on page 49), you can use a one-channel input (for example, <i>DI X113:4</i>).

Index	Name	Example value	Description		
STO.13 STO.14	Restart delay after STO	2000 ms 2000 ms	Sets the time after which the restart of the drive is allowed after the FSO module has activated the STO function and opened the drive STO circuit. With this parameter, you can allow a restart of the drive before the motor has stopped (fly-start). This parameter is valid only if the STO function is requested from STO input A (STO.11) or STO input B (STO.12). Adjust the value when necessary. If you do not want to use the fly-start feature, set this parameter STO.14. Sets the time after which the acknowledgement is allowed after		
	modoff ²		coast stop in the STO and SSE functions. Configured to the estimated time in which the motor coasts to a stop from the maximum speed. This parameter sets the time after which the STO function is completed. Parameter <i>STO.13</i> defines the time after which the restart of the drive is allowed. Adjust the value when necessary. Note: The default value after factory reset is 3,600,000 ms. Always check this parameter after factory reset.		
SBC us	SBC usage				
SBC.11	STO SBC usage	None	Sets how the mechanical brake is used together with the STO function. In the safety function described in this manual, this feature is not used. Make sure that the value is <i>None</i> . See also section <i>Mechanical brake</i> <i>control</i> on page <i>64</i> .		

60 Parameter settings

Index N	Name	Example value	Description
I/O setting	S		
	0I X113:4 liag pulse n/off	On ³⁾	Sets the diagnostic pulse of digital input X113:4 on or off. <i>Or:</i> The input monitors that it receives test pulses. In this example (see page 49), the STO request is connected to this digital input.
	DI X114:4 liag pulse n/off	On ³	Sets the diagnostic pulse of digital input X114:4 on or off. Or: The input monitors that it receives test pulses. In this example (see page 49), the STO request is connected to this digital input. Note: In a non-redundant system, (<i>Wiring example 5</i> on page 49), you can use a one-channel input (for example, <i>DI X113:4</i>). In this case, this parameter has no effect.

¹⁾ The value does not affect the SMT function, but other safety functions in the FSO module can require a certain value (see sections *Indications of the safety function* on page 33 and *Additional notes* on page 64).

²⁾ <u>When a safety encoder is used:</u> This parameter is relevant only if there is an encoder failure and the FSO module activates the STO function. For more information, see the FSO-21 module user's manual.

³⁾ The safety data (see page *81*) is based on the assumption that this diagnostic measure for the wiring is active (*On*). If pulsing is disabled, you must consider other measures to ensure sufficient diagnostic coverage of the wiring failures.

Parameters related to the SSE function

These parameters are related to the Safe stop emergency (SSE) function of the FSO module. The safety function described in this manual does not use this function, but the FSO module can activate the SSE function in internal fault situations.

Index	Name	Example value	Description
SSE.13	SSE function	Immediate STO ¹⁾	Sets the type of the SSE function. Immediate STO: The FSO module activates the drive STO function immediately after the SSE request (stop category 0). Emergency ramp: The FSO module first ramps down the motor speed and when the speed is below the zero speed limit, it activates the STO function (stop category 1). SAR0 parameters define the deceleration ramp. For more information, see the FSO module user's manual. Note: The default value after factory reset is Emergency ramp. Always check this parameter after factory
SBC us	200	l	reset.
SBC.15	-	0 rpm	Sets the absolute speed below which the FSO module activates the brake (SBC) while ramping. <i>0 rpm:</i> The feature is not in use. In the safety function described in this manual, this feature is not used. Make sure that the value is <i>0 rpm.</i> See also section <i>Mechanical brake</i> <i>control</i> on page <i>64</i> .

¹⁾ With the FPTC module, the recommended value is *Immediate STO*, but other safety functions in the FSO module can require that the value is *Emergency ramp*. With both settings, the FSO module always activates the drive STO function immediately in motor overtemperature situations (SMT function activated).

FSE module and safety pulse encoder parameters

Set these parameters only when you use a safety pulse encoder and the FSE-31 pulse encoder interface module with the FSO-21 module.

Index	Name	Example value	Description
200.231	FSE 3X act and par version	Version 1	Activates the FSE-31 encoder interface and shows the version of the encoder parameter groups (91 and 92).
200.232	Number of encoders	Single encoder CH1	Shows the number of safety pulse encoders connected to the FSE module.
S_ENC GEN.01	Safe pulse encoder version	Version 1	Activates the safety pulse encoder and shows the version parameter group S_ENCGEN.
S_ENC GEN.11	FSE diagnostic failure reaction	STO	Sets the action taken when there is a problem in the FSE module or the safety encoder. STO: The FSO module goes into the Fail-safe mode and activates the drive STO function. For more information, see the FSO-21 module user's manual.
S_ENC GEN.14	Enc speed cross comp tolerance	1 rpm	Sets the encoder speed cross comparison tolerance. This defines how much the axle speed of the motor can change within 1 ms. Adjust the default value to meet the motor in use.
S_ENC GEN.41	numerator encoder 1	1	Sets the rotation direction for the safety pulse encoder. With this parameter, you can change the rotation direction of the motor. Adjust the default value if necessary.
91.11	Module 1 type	FSE-31	Sets the type of the safety pulse encoder interface module 1.
91.12	Module 1 location	2	Sets the slot in which the safety pulse encoder interface module 1 is located.

Index	Name	Example value	Description
92.01	Encoder 1 type	HTL1	Activates or deactivates the communication with the safety pulse encoder interface module 1 and sets the type for the safety pulse encoder.
92.02	Encoder 1 source	Module 1	Sets the safety pulse encoder interface module that the safety pulse encoder 1 is connected to.
92.10	Pulses/revolut ion	2048	Sets the number of HTL pulses per revolution for safety pulse encoder 1. Adjust the default value to meet the safety pulse encoder in use. Make sure that the value is according to the encoder nameplate.
92.17	Accepted pulse freq of encoder 1	300 kHz	Sets the maximum pulse frequency range of encoder 1. Adjust the default value to meet the motor and safety pulse encoder in use. You can use this formula to define the value: r_max x ppr_enc + 10%, where • r_max = the maximum motor speed (rpm) used in the application (or the motor nominal speed) • ppr_enc = Pulses/revolution of the safety pulse encoder (parameter 92.10). Set the parameter value in kHz. For more information, see the FSO-21 module user's manual.

Additional notes

ACS880-07/17/37 drives with the option +Q978

In motor overtemperature situations, the FSO module also opens the main contractor/circuit breaker.

ACS880-07/17/37 drives with the option +Q978 or +Q979

The FSO module is configured so that after the safety function activation, the user must reset the FSO manually with the emergency stop reset button. In this case, the user must reset the FSO module with the emergency stop reset button also in motor overtemperature situations. Also the indication lamp on the reset button is illuminated.

The compliance of the emergency stop function with the relevant standards requires this setting. Do not change this setting.

Mechanical brake control

If you use a mechanical brake with the thermal motor protection circuit, pay special attention to the control of the mechanical brake.

If the motor deceleration by the mechanical brake causes extra heat generation in the Ex zone, make sure that the use of the brake does not rise the temperature excessively.

In some cases you cannot use the brake for the motor deceleration when the motor thermal protection circuit has tripped, and the motor temperature is excessive already.

For more information, see the drive firmware manual (or the FSO user's manual if you use the Safe brake control (SBC) function of the FSO module).

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Start-up and acceptance test

Contents of this chapter

This chapter contains the start-up instructions and the acceptance test for the safety function.

Note: Only a competent person with expertise and knowledge of the safety function as well as functional safety and Ex regulations can do the start-up and adjust the related settings (IEC 61508-1 clause 6).

Before you start

Make sure that you have completed these start-up tasks for the drive:

- Checks and settings with no voltage connected
- · Powering up the drive
- Setting up the drive control program.

See the applicable drive hardware manual.

Make sure you have set the correct parameter values for the safety function. See chapter *Parameter settings*.

Acceptance test

You need the Drive composer PC tool or the control panel to perform the acceptance test.

Initial status: Make sure that the drive is ready for use, that is, you have done the tasks of the drive start-up procedure. See the hardware manual.

Action			
WARNING! Obey the safety instructions. See chapter Safety. If you ignore the safety instructions injury or death can occur.			
Checks and settings with no voltage connected			
The motor manufacturer selects the PTC sensors for the motor temperature measurement according to the specified temperature class. Make sure that the temperature on-off resistances match tho of the FPTC module.	se		
After you have done the wiring, check the connections against the appropriate circuit diagrams and examples in chapter <i>Electrical installation</i> .			
Drives with R8i inverter modules: Check that the STO OUT output on the inverter control unit [A41] is chained to the STO inputs of all inverter modules. The STO circuit is disabled in spare part modules.			
Make sure that the SIL/PL of the safety function meets the target SIL/PL. If SIL2 is required, make sure that the STO connection between the FPTC module and drive STO is kept separated.			
Settings with voltage connected			
Make sure that you have activated the FPTC module in the correct slot (parameter 35.30).			
Make sure that all parameters relevant to the safety function are set as defined in chapter <i>Parameter settings</i> on page 51.			
Acceptance test procedure			
Make sure that you can run and stop the motor freely during the te	st.		
Start drive and make sure that motor is running.			
Cause an overtemperature situation: • increase the resistance in the XFLT input above 3.6 kohm (for example, open-circuit).			

	-
Action	
 Make sure that the correct indications are activated: the SMT fault and other indications depending on the parameter settings and if an FSO module is installed (see section <i>Indications of the safety function</i> on page 33). 	
Make sure that the STO is activated and the motor stops by coasting (see parameter <i>31.22</i>).	
Make sure that you cannot start the drive before you have reset the drive.	
Reset the drive. Make sure you cannot reset and restart the drive before the input resistance in the XFLT input has been decreased below 1.6 kohm.	
Restart the drive and motor and make sure they operate normally.]
Cause a short-circuit situation: • decrease the resistance in the XFLT input below 50 ohm.	
 Make sure that the correct indications are activated: the SMT fault and other indications depending on the parameter settings and if an FSO module is installed (see section <i>Indications of the safety function</i> on page 33). 	
Make sure that the STO is activated and the motor stops by coasting (see parameter <i>31.22</i>).	
Make sure that you cannot start the drive before you have reset the drive.	
Reset the drive. Make sure you cannot reset and restart the drive before the input resistance in the XFLT input has been increased above 50 ohm.	6
Restart the drive and motor and make sure you they operate normally.	~
If in use, test the XWRN input: Connect a resistor (resistance 100 ohm1 kohm) between the XFLT inputs. Make sure the motor temperature warning indication is activated in motor overtemperature and short-circuit situations.	
Fill in and sign the acceptance test report which verifies that the safety function is safe and accepted to operation.]

Note: If you use only the XWRN input of the FPTC module, connect a resistor (100 ohm...1 kohm 1/4 W wire-wound) between the XFLT inputs and the test the XWRN indication.

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Fault tracing

Contents of this chapter

This chapter shows how to trace faults with fault and warning messages and LEDs on the module.

Reporting failures

You must report any failures of the FPTC-01 and FSO modules and the drive Safe torque off function to ABB.

FPTC-01 module replacement

If the FPTC-01 module fails to operate, you have to replace it with a new one. You cannot repair the module.

Fault and warning messages

The fault and warning messages in the ACS880 primary control program are these:

Code (hex)	Name	Cause	What to do			
Faults						
4991	Safe motor temperature 1 (Editable message text)	The FPTC module in option slot 1 indicates overtemperature in the XFLT input (safety related). 1. Motor temperature is too high, or 2. the thermistor is in short-circuit or disconnected.	 Check the cooling of the motor. Check the motor load and drive ratings. Check the wiring of the temperature sensor. Repair wiring if faulty. Measure the resistance of the sensor. Replace the sensor if faulty. 			
4992	Safe motor temperature 2 (Editable message text)	The FPTC module in option slot 2 indicates overtemperature in the XFLT input (safety related). See 4991.				
4993	Safe motor temperature 3 (Editable message text)	The FPTC module in option slot 3 indicates overtemperature in the XFLT input (safety related). See 4991.				
4990	FPTC not found	A thermistor protection module has been activated by parameter 35.30 but cannot be detected. The last digit of the auxiliary code identifies the slot.	Power down the control unit and check that the module is properly inserted in the correct slot.			

Fault tracing 71

Code (hex)	Name	Cause	What to do			
Warning	Warnings					
A497	Motor temperature 1 (Editable message text)	The FPTC module in option slot 1 has activated a motor temperature warning in the XWRN input (non- safety related). 1. Motor temperature is too high, or 2. the thermistor is in short-circuit or disconnected.	 Check the cooling of the motor. Check the motor load and drive ratings. Check the wiring of the temperature sensor. Repair wiring if faulty. Measure the resistance of the sensor. Replace sensor if faulty. 			
A498	Motor temperature 2 (Editable message text)	The FPTC module in option slot 2 has activated a motor temperature warning in the XWRN input (non- safety related). See A497.				
A499	Motor temperature 3 (Editable message text)	The FPTC module in option slot 3 has activated a motor temperature warning in the XWRN input (non- safety related). See A497.				

For the fault and warning messages of the FSO module, see the FSO module user's manual.

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LEDs

The FPTC-01 module has three diagnostic LEDs.

Name	Color	Description
FAULT	Red	The motor temperature is outside the allowed temperature range and the drive STO is active, or there is no PTC sensor connected to the XFLT input (safety related).
WARNING	Red	The motor temperature is outside the temperature warning range, or there is no PTC sensor connected to the XWRN input (non-safety related).
STATUS	Green	The module is powered up.

Note: When there is no sensor connected to the XWRN input, the WARNING LED is red even if you have suppressed the warnings from the module. You can connect a resistor (100 ohm...1 kohm 1/4 W wire-wound) in the XWRN input to turn off the WARNING LED.

Maintenance

Contents of this chapter

This chapter gives maintenance instructions.

Maintenance

After the operation of the safety circuit has been tested at start-up, it does not need any maintenance during its specified lifetime, but the safety circuit must be tested periodically to keep the SIL/PL capability valid.

In addition to proof testing, it is a good practice to check the operation of the safety function when other maintenance procedures are carried out on the machinery. Do the acceptance test described in chapter *Start-up and acceptance test*.

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If you change any wirings or components after the start-up, replace the FPTC-01 module, modify drive or FSO parameters or restore parameters to their factory default values, you must:

- Use only ABB approved spare parts.
- Register the change to the change log for the safety circuit or logbook of the machine.
- Test the safety function again after the change. Obey the rules given in chapter *Start-up and acceptance test*.
- Document the tests and store the report into the logbook of the machine.

Proof test interval

After the operation of the safety function is validated at start-up, the safety function must be maintained by periodic proof testing. In high demand mode of operation, the maximum proof test interval is 20 years. In low demand mode of operation, the maximum proof test interval is 2 years (high or low demand as defined in IEC 61508, EN/IEC 62061 and EN ISO 13849-1). Regardless of the mode of operation, it is a good practice to check the operation of the safety function at least once a year. Do the test as described in chapter *Start-up and acceptance test*.

The person responsible for the design of the complete safety function should also note the Recommendation of Use CNB/M/11.050 published by the European co-ordination of Notified Bodies concerning dual-channel safety-related systems with electromechanical outputs:

- When the safety integrity requirement for the safety function is SIL 3 or PL e (cat. 3 or 4), the proof test for the function must be performed at least every month.
- When the safety integrity requirement for the safety function is SIL 2 (HFT = 1) or PL d (cat. 3), the proof test for the function must be performed at least every 12 months.

This is a recommendation and depends on the required (not achieved) SIL/PL. For example, contactors, breakers, safety relays, contactor relays, emergency stop buttons, switches etc. are typically safety devices which contain electromechanical outputs. The FPTC-01 and FSO modules and the STO circuit of the drive do not contain electromechanical outputs.

Competence

The maintenance and proof test activities of the safety function must be carried out by a competent person with expertise and knowledge of the safety function as well as functional safety, as required by IEC 61508-1 clause 6 and Ex regulations.

Residual risk

The safety functions are used to reduce the recognized hazardous conditions. In spite of this, it is not always possible to eliminate all potential hazards. Therefore the warnings for the residual risks must be given to the operator.

Intentional misuse

The safety circuit is not designed to protect a machine against intentional misuse.

Decommissioning

When you decommission the module, make sure that the safety of the machine is maintained until the decommissioning is complete.

Mark clearly on the module that it is decommissioned.

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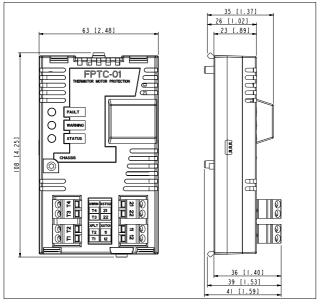
Technical data

Contents of this chapter

This chapter contains the technical data of the module, gives general rules, notes and definitions related to safety functions and lists the related standards and directives. The safety data, relevant certificates and Declarations of Conformity are also included.

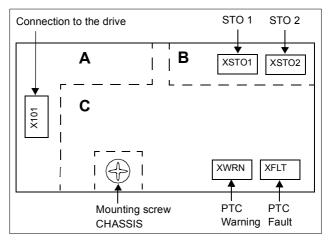
Dimension drawing

The dimensions are in millimeters and [inches].



Isolation areas

This figure describes the different isolation areas of the module. Isolation areas A and B and the mounting screw are connected to ground. Isolation area C is in the same potential as the PTC sensor element in the motor.



There is reinforced insulation between isolation areas A and C as well as between isolation areas B and C.

Connections

Motor thermistor connection

- Wire size max. 2.5 mm²
- Length max. 700 m (2300 ft) (1400 m [4600 ft] for the whole loop)
- With the specified cable type: Detection of a short-circuited PTC sensor or cable is not guaranteed after 100 m (330 ft).
- Type: Draka JAMAK 1 x (2 + 1) x 0.5 mm² or similar
- Torque: 0.5 N·m
- Supported standards: DIN 44081 and DIN 44082
- Number of PTC thermistors: 1, 3 or 6 in series (in both inputs)
- Triggering threshold: 3.6 kohm (± 10%)
- Recovery threshold: 1.6 kohm (± 10%)
- PTC terminal voltage: < 5.0 V
- PTC terminal current: < 1 mA
- Short-circuit detection: < 50 ohm (± 10%) (for the effect of the cable length, see above)

STO output connection

- Wire size max. 2.5 mm² (with an FSO module: 1.5 mm²)
- Length max. 30 m (100 ft) (for the whole loop)
- Torque: 0.5 N·m
- Contact rating: 24 V DC (17...30 V), 1 A / channel
- Maximum breaking capacity: 1000 VA

Ambient conditions

See the drive technical data.

Safety data

The FPTC-01 module is a type A safety component as defined in IEC 61508-2.

The table gives the safety data for the SMT function with different configurations. The calculations are based on the worst case data of the drive Safe torque off (STO) function. The PFH/PFD_{avg} values can be different based on the internal configuration of the FSO module.

Note: The failure rate of the PTC sensor is not included in the calculations.

Two-channel configurations

- 1. FPTC module + drive STO (see *Wiring example 1* on page 45)
- FPTC module + drive STO + FSO module with STO function request (see *Wiring example 2* on page 46), or
- FPTC module + drive STO + external safety relay (see Wiring example 3 on page 47).

One-channel configurations

- 4. FPTC module + drive STO (see *Wiring example 4* on page 48)
- FPTC module + drive STO + FSO module with STO function request (see *Wiring example 5* on page 49).

	Two-chan	nel configu	rations	One-chani configurat	-
	1	2	3	4	5
SIL / SILCL	2	2	2	1	1
PL	С	С	С	С	С
SFF (%)	>90	>90	>90	>60	>60
PFH (1/h) (T1 = 20a)	5.51 E-09	5.58 E-09	5.51 E-09	7.71E-09	8.29 E-09
PFD_{avg} (T1 = 2 a)	4.82 E-05	4.91 E-05	4.82 E-05	6.21E-05	6.75 E-05
PFD_{avg} (T1 = 5 a)	1.21E-04	1.22E-04	1.21E-04	1.57E-04	1.70E-04
DC (%)	60	60	60	0	0
SC	2	2	2	2	2
Cat.	1	1	1	1	1
HFT	0	0	0	0	0
CCF	65	65	65	65	65
Lifetime (a)	20	20	20	20	20

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The MTTF_D value (EN ISO 13849-1) of the module:

- 1708 years (two-channel connection)
- 1703 years (one-channel connection)

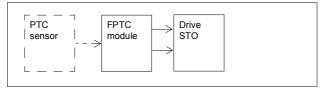
Safety block diagrams

The components that are included in the safety data calculations are shown in the safety block diagrams below.

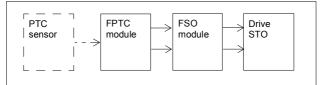
Note: The failure rate of the PTC sensor is not included in the calculations.

Two-channel configurations

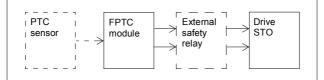
This diagram applies to configuration 1.



This diagram applies to configuration 2.



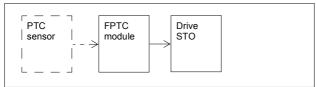
This diagram applies to configuration 3.



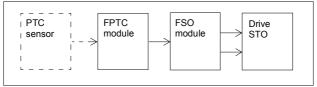
Note: The failure rate of the external safety relay is not included in the calculation.

One-channel configurations

This diagram applies to configuration 4.



This diagram applies to configuration 5.



Note: The failure rate of the safety encoder is not included in the calculation.

Response times

- FPTC-01module: less than 10 ms
- SMT function: the response time of the PTC sensor + FPTC-01 module (<10 ms) + FSO module (<50 ms) + drive STO (<50 ms)

Relevant failure modes

- The SMT function trips spuriously (safe failure)
- · The SMT function does not activate when requested

A fault exclusion on the failure mode "short-circuit on printed circuit board" has been made (EN 13849-2, table D.5). The analysis is based on the assumption that one failure occurs at one time. No accumulated failures have been analyzed.

The failures of the PTC sensor (thermistor) are not included in the failure analysis. The customer is responsible for the applicability of the PTC element.

General rules, notes and definitions

Validation of the safety functions

You must do an acceptance test (validation) to validate the correct operation of safety functions.

Validation procedure

You must do the acceptance test using the checklist given in chapter *Start-up and acceptance test*:

- at initial start-up of the safety function
- after any changes related to the safety function (circuit boards, wiring, components, settings, restoring parameter values to factory settings, etc.)
- after any maintenance work related to the safety function.

The acceptance test must include at least the following steps:

- having an acceptance test plan
- testing all commissioned functions for proper operation, from each operation location
- · documenting all acceptance tests
- signing and storing the acceptance test report for further reference.

Acceptance test reports

You must store the signed acceptance test reports in the logbook of the machine. The report must include, as required by the referred standards:

- a description of the safety application (including a figure)
- a description and revisions of safety components that are used in the safety application
- a list of all safety functions that are used in the safety application
- a list of all safety related parameters and their values
- documentation of start-up activities, references to failure reports and resolution of failures
- the test results for each safety function, checksums, date of the tests and confirmation by the test personnel.

You must store any new acceptance test reports performed due to changes or maintenance in the logbook of the machine.

Competence

The acceptance test of the safety function must be carried out by a competent person with expertise and knowledge of the safety function as well as functional safety, as required by IEC 61508-1 clause 6 and Ex regulations. The test procedures and report must be documented and signed by this person.

Ambient conditions

For the environmental limits for the safety function and the drive, refer to the hardware manual of your drive.

Reporting problems and failures related to safety functions

Contact your local ABB representative.

Related standards and directives

Standard	Name
IEC 61508:2010	Functional safety of electrical/electronic/ programmable electronic safety-related systems. Part 1 – General requirements Part 2 – Requirements for electrical/electronic/ programmable electronic safety-related systems
EN 61800-5-2:2007 IEC 61800-5-2:2016	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems – Part 5-2: Safety requirements – Functional
EN 62061:2005 +AC:2010+A1:2013 +A2:2015 IEC 62061:2015 Ed.1.2	Safety of machinery – Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems
EN ISO 13849-1:2015	Safety of machinery – Safety-related parts of control systems – Part 1: General principles for design
EN ISO 13849-2:2012	Safety of machinery – Safety-related parts of control systems – Part 2: Validation
EN 60204-1:2006 +AC:2010 IEC 60204-1:2016	Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines – Part 1: General requirements
IEC 61326-3-1:2008	Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use – EMC requirements – Part 3-1: Immunity requirements for safety- related systems and for equipment intended to perform safety-related functions (functional safety) – General industrial applications
IEC 61511-1:2016	Functional safety - Safety instrumented systems for the process industry sector – Part 1: Framework, definitions, system, hardware and application programming requirements
2006/42/EC	European Machinery Directive

Compliance with the European Machinery Directive

The drive is an electronic product which is covered by the European Low Voltage Directive. However, the drive internal safety function of this manual (option +L536) is in the scope of the Machinery Directive as a safety component. This function complies with European harmonized standards such as EN/IEC 61800-5-2. The declarations of conformity are shown below.



EU Declaration of Conformity

Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

We

 Manufacturer:
 ABB Oy

 Address:
 Hiomotie 13, 00380 Helsinki, Finland.

 Phone:
 +358 10 22 11

declare under our sole responsibility that the following products:

Frequency converters

ACS880-01/-11/-31

AC\$880-04/-04F/-M04/-14/-34

with regard to the built-in safety function:

Safe torque off;

and with regard to the following optional safety functions with FSO-12 module (option code +Q973, encoderless):

Safe stop 1; Safe stop emergency; Safely-limited speed; Safe maximum speed; Safe brake control; Prevention of Unexpected Start-up;

and with regard to the following optional safety functions with FSO-21 and FSE-31 modules (option codes +Q972 and +L521):

Safe stop 1; Safe stop emergency; Safely-limited speed; Safe maximum speed; Safe brake control; Safe speed monitor; Safe direction; Prevention of Unexpected Start-up;

and with regard to the following optional safety function with FPTC-01 thermistor protection module (option code +L536):

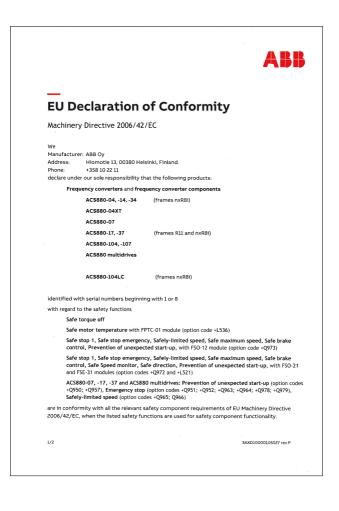
Safe Motor Temperature;

are in conformity with all the relevant safety component requirements of EU Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, when the listed safety functions are used for safety component functionality.

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	АБ
The following harmonized star	ndards have been applied:
EN 61800-5-2:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems – Part 5-2: Safe requirements - Functional
EN 62061:2005 + AC:2010 +	Safety of machinery - Functional safety of safety-related electric
A1:2013 + A2:2015	electronic and programmable electronic control systems
EN ISO 13849-1:2015	Safety of machinery – Safety-related parts of control systems. P 1: General principles for design
EN ISO 13849-2:2012	Safety of machinery – Safety-related parts of the control system Part 2: Validation
EN 60204-1:2006 + A1:2009 +	Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines – Part 1:
AC:2010	General requirements
The following other standard	has been applied: Functional safety of electrical / electronic / programmable
The products referred in this I European Union Directives wh	electronic safety-related systems Declaration of conformity fulfil the relevant provisions of other ich are notified in Single EU Declaration of conformity
The products referred in this I European Union Directives wh 3AXD10000497305. Person authorized to compile	electronic safety-related systems Declaration of conformity fulfil the relevant provisions of other ich are notified in Single EU Declaration of conformity
The products referred in this I European Union Directives wh 3AXD10000497305. Person authorized to compile	electronic safety-related systems Declaration of conformity fulfil the relevant provisions of other rich are notified in Single EU Declaration of conformity the technical file:
The products referred in this I European Union Directives wh 3AXD10000497305. Person authorized to compile Name and address: Vesa Tilhc	electronic safety-related systems Declaration of conformity fulfil the relevant provisions of other ich are notified in Single EU Declaration of conformity the technical file:
The products referred in this I European Union Directives wh 3AXD10000497305. Person authorized to compile Name and address: Vesa Tiiho Helsinki, 13 Oct 2017	electronic safety-related systems Declaration of conformity fulfil the relevant provisions of other ich are notified in Single EU Declaration of conformity the technical file: inen, Hiomotie 13, 00380 Helsinki, Finland Peter Lindgren

Note: If the Declaration of Conformity is needed in any other official language of European Union than in English, contact ABB.

TÜV Nord certificate

TÜV Nord certificate for the FPTC-01 module and ACS880 drive series is attached below.



Further information

Product and service inquiries

Address any inquiries about the product to your local ABB representative, quoting the type designation and serial number of the unit in question. A listing of ABB sales, support and service contacts can be found by navigating to www.abb.com/searchchannels.

Product training

For information on ABB product training, navigate to <u>new.abb.com/service/training</u>.

Providing feedback on ABB manuals

Your comments on our manuals are welcome. Navigate to <u>new.abb.com/drives/manuals-feedback-form</u>.

Document library on the Internet

You can find manuals and other product documents in PDF format on the Internet at <u>www.abb.com/drives/documents</u>.

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