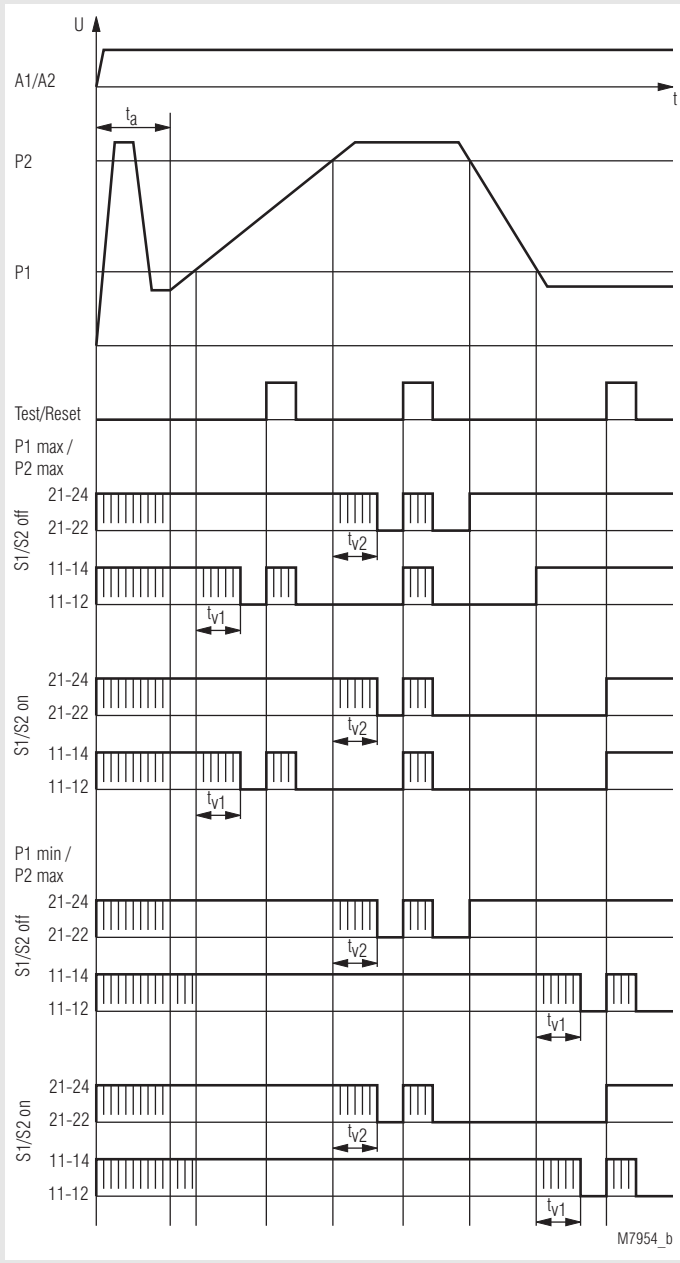
Monitoring technique

Motor load monitor BH 9097
varimeter

A 0239914

Function diagram for setting de-energised on fault*)



P1max/P2max: Overload monitoring with prewarning
P1min/P2max: Under- and overload monitoring
S1/S2 ON: manual reset
S1/S2 OFF: automatic reset
IIIII: corresponding LED is flashing
*) when set to energised on fault the function of LEDs and output relays are inverted.

- According to IEC/EN 60 255, DIN/VDE 0435-303
- Identification of
  - Underload P_1 and Overload P_2
  - Overload P_1 (prewarning) and Overload P_2
  programmable
- Adjustment of P_1 and P_2 on absolute scale
- For motors up to 22 kW at 3 AC 400 V, without auxiliary supply
- Measurement: effective power
- Large current range because of automatic range selection
- 1 changeover contact for P_1 and 1 changeover contact for P_2
- Adjustable start-up delay t_a
- Adjustable switching delay t_v
- With automatic or manual reset, programmable
- Test / Reset button for easy setup
- Up to 40 A without external current transformer
- De-energised or energised on fault, programmable
- Separate auxiliary supply as option:
  - for motors up to 37 kW at 3 AC 690 V
- Also for single-phase operation
- LED indicators
- Width 45 mm

Approvals and marking

CE

Applications

The BH 9097 is used to monitor variable loads on industrial motors.

Function

The motor load monitor BH 9097 checks the active power consumption of electrical consumers. As the measuring principle is only single phase correct measurement of 3-phase load is only possible when all three phases have the same load which is normal with motors. Using DIP-switches the unit can be set up to act as under- and overload relay P_{1min} / $P_{2\ max.}$ or as overload relay with pre-warning $P_{1\ max.}$ /$P_{2\ max.}$ The settings of P_1 and P_2 are absolute values and calibrated in Watts adjustable via rotational switches. 2 LEDs show the state of the corresponding output relays. The unit can be configured to energise or to de-energise on fault. Every output relay is fitted with it´s own time delay t_v. A start-up delay t_a acts on both outputs.

Indication

green LED, U_N:	flashing:	during Start-up delay t_a
	continuous:	supply connected
yellow LED, P_1:	flashing:	during time delay t_{v1} and for set up assistance
	continuous:	when relay P_1 active (contact 11-14)
yellow LED, P_2:	flashing:	during time delay t_{v2} and for set up assistance
	continuous:	when relay P_2 active (contact 21-24)

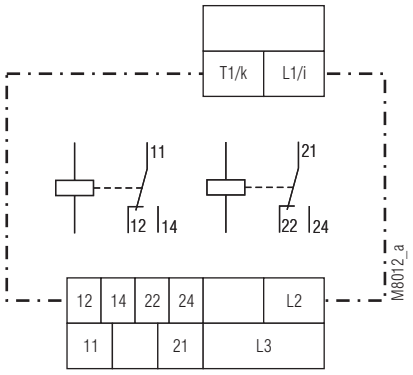
Fault indication

2 different faults are displayed with the LEDs.

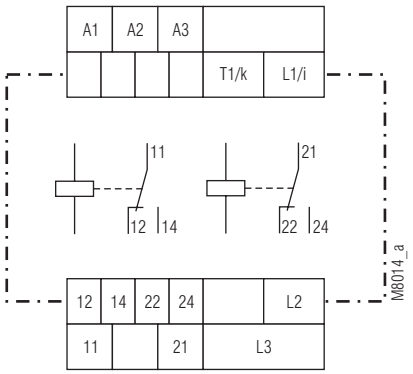
1.) No measurement:
Without measuring voltage measurement is not possible
- All 3 LEDs flash in sequence one after the other.
The output contacts are in failure state.

2.) The BH 9097 measures negative load:
Possible reason: The unit measures reverse power or the current connections are connected wrong.
- All 3 LEDs flash simultaneously.

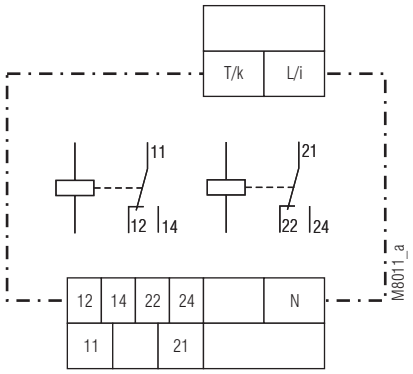
Connection diagrams



BH 9097.38/001



BH 9097.38/011



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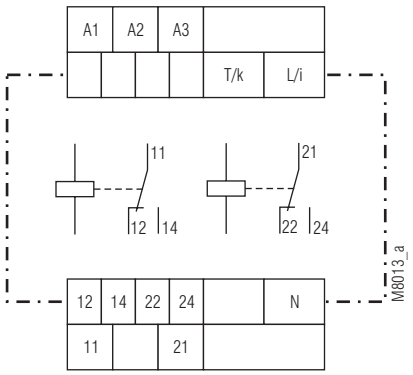


BH 9097.38/010

Technical data

Input

	3-phase	1-phase
Nominal voltage U_N:		
BH 9097.38:		AC 230 V
BH 9097.38/001:	3 AC 400 V	
BH 9097.38/010:		AC 30 ... 240 V
BH 9097.38/011:	3 AC 50 ... 690 V	
Voltage range		
BH 9097.38:		0,8 ... 1,1 U_N
BH 9097.38/001:	0,8 ... 1,1 U_N	
BH 9097.38/010:		AC 30 ... 240 V
BH 9097.38/011:	3 AC 50 ... 690 V	
Input resistance:	500 kΩ	300 kΩ
Nominal current:	3 AC 40 A	AC 25 A
Permissible current range:	3 AC 0 ... 40 A	AC 0 ... 40 A
Input resistance of current input i-k:	≥ 1 mΩ	
End of scale:	3 AC 100 mA ... 40 A	AC 50 mA ... 25 A
Overload capability		
1 min / approx. 10 min break:	150 A	-
20 s / approx. 10 min break:	200 A	-
Frequency range:	10 ... 400 Hz (please see characteristics M7953)	10 ... 400 Hz

Setting ranges

P_1 and P_2 on absolute scale

			Selection of load range
3-phase			
BH 9097.38/001:	3 AC 400 V	0,1 ... 7,9 kW	□■
		1 ... 27 kW	■□
BH 9097.38/011:	3 AC 400 V	0,1 ... 7,9 kW	□■
		1 ... 27 kW	■□
	3 AC 690 V	0,1 ... 7,9 kW	□■
		1 ... 48 kW	■□
1-phase			
BH 9097.38:	AC 230 V	10 ... 790 W	□■
		100 ... 5800 W	■□
BH 9097.38/010:	AC 110 V	10 ... 790 W	□■
		100 ... 2800 W	■□
	AC 230 V	10 ... 790 W	□■
		100 ... 5800 W	■□

Measuring accuracy (in % of setting value):	± 4 % (2 % on request)
Hysteresis (in % of setting value):	< 5 %
Reaction time:	< 50 ms
Switching delay t_{v1}/t_{v2}:	0 ... 10 s (infinite variable)
Start-up delay t_a:	0 ... 30 s (infinite variable)

Auxiliary circuit

Auxiliary voltage U_H	
3-phasig, BH 9097.38/011:	AC 110[1)] + AC 230[2)]
1-phasig, BH 9097.38/010:	AC 110[1)] + AC 230[2)]
	[1)] on terminals A1 - A2
	[2)] on terminals A1 - A3
Voltage range:	0,8 ... 1,1 U_H
Frequency range of U_H:	45 ... 400 Hz
Input current	
at AC 110 V:	approx. 30 mA
at AC 230 V:	approx. 15 mA

Output

Contacts		
BH 9097.38:	1 changeover contact for P1 1 changeover contact for P2	
Thermal current I_{th}:	2 x 5 A	
Switching capacity		
to AC 15		
NO contact:	3 A / AC 230 V	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1
NC contact:	1 A / AC 230 V	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1
to DC 13:	1 A / DC 24 V	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1

Technical data

Electrical life
to AC 15 at 3 A, AC 230 V: 2 x 10^5 switching cycles IEC/EN 60 947-5-1
Permissible switching frequency: 1800 switching cycles / h
Short circuit strength max. fuse rating: 4 A gl IEC/EN 60 947-5-1
Mechanical life: 30 x 10^6 switching cycles

General data

Operating mode: continuous
Temperature range: - 20 ... + 55°C
Clearance and creepage distances
overvoltage category / contamination level: 4 kV / 2 IEC 60 664-1
EMC
Electrostatic discharge: 8 kV (air) IEC/EN 61 000-4-2
HF-irradiation: 10 V / m IEC/EN 61 000-4-3
Fast transients: 2 kV IEC/EN 61 000-4-4
Surge voltages between
wires for power supply: 1 kV IEC/EN 61 000-4-5
between wire and ground: 2 kV IEC/EN 61 000-4-5
HF-wire guided: 10 V IEC/EN 61 000-4-6
Interference suppression: Limit value class B EN 55 011
Degree of protection
Housing: IP 40 IEC/EN 60 529
Terminals: IP 20 IEC/EN 60 529
Housing: Thermoplastic with V0 behaviour according to UL subject 94
Vibration resistance: Amplitude 0,35 mm frequency 10 ... 55 Hz IEC/EN 60 068-2-6
Climate resistance: 20 / 055 / 04 IEC/EN 60 068-1
Terminal designation: EN 50 005
Wire connection
Load terminals: 1 x 10 mm^2 solid or
1 x 6 mm^2 stranded wire with sleeve
Control terminals: 1 x 4 mm^2 solid or
2 x 1,5 mm^2 stranded wire with sleeve or
1 x 2,5 mm^2 stranded wire with sleeve
DIN 46 228-1/-2/-3/-4
Wire fixing: Box terminals with self-lifting wire protection and Plus-minus terminal screws M3,5
Mounting: DIN rail IEC/EN 60 715
Weight: 430 g

Dimensions

Width x height x depth: 45 x 84 x 121 mm

Standard type

BH 9097.38/001 3 AC 400 V 50 / 60 Hz t_a 30 s t_v 10 s
Article number: 0053944
- 3-phase, without auxiliary supply
- Output: 1 changeover contact for P1 and 1 changeover contact for P2
- Nominal voltage U_N: 3 AC 400 V
- Width: 45 mm

Variants

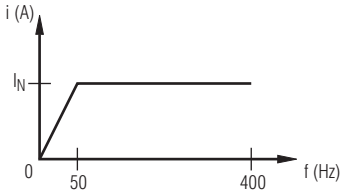
BH 9097.38/011: 3-phase with auxiliary supply
BH 9097.38: 1-phase without auxiliary supply
BH 9097.38/010: 1-phase with auxiliary supply

Ordering example for variants

BH 9097 .38 /011 3 AC 50...690 V AC 110 V + AC 230 V 30 s 10 s

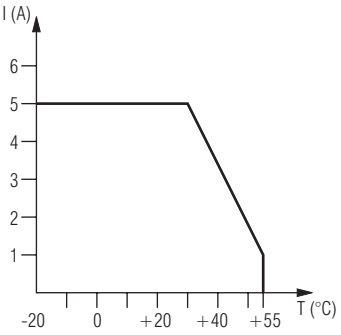
- Switching delay t_v
- Start-up delay t_a
- Auxiliary voltage U_H
- Nominal voltage U_N of input circuit
- Variant, if required
- Contacts
- Type

Characteristics



M7953

Max. input current curve in relation to input frequency



continuous current limit curve (current over 2 contacts) M8367

Settings

2 rotational switches for P_1: Value P_1 (2 decades)
2 rotational switches for P_2: Value P_2 (2 decades)
Potentiometer t_{v1}: time delay for value P_1
Potentiometer t_{v2}: time delay for value P_2
Potentiometer t_a: start-up delay after connection voltage
Test/Reset button: Test function as setting assistance
Reset function when manual reset is selected

DIP-switches
x1 kW / x0,1 kW: selection of load range, setting value has to be multiplied by 1 or 0.1 kW on 3 phases 3 wire units resp.
x100 W / x10 W: selection of load range, setting value has to be multiplied by 100 or 10 W on units for single phase with neutral or 3 phase 4 wire
A / R: selection of closed or open circuit operation for output relays

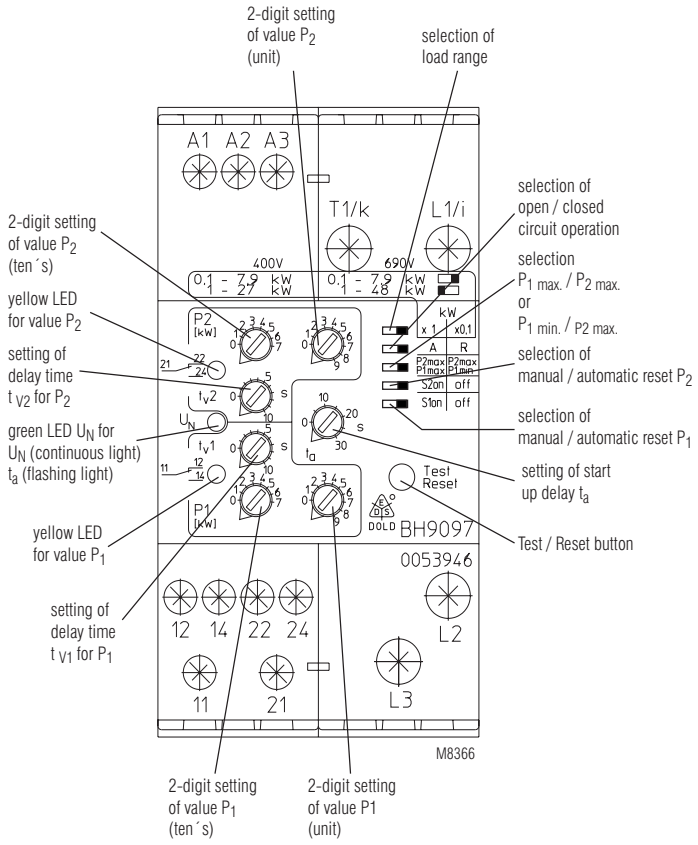
$P_{2\,max.}$ / $P_{1\,max.}$ / $P_{2\,max.}$ / $P_{1\,min.}$: 2 MAX switching values (Overload with Pre-warning) or MAX and MIN switching value (Overload / Underload monitoring)

S1 ON / OFF: manual / automatic reset for P_1
S2 ON / OFF: manual / automatic reset for P_2

Connection

The device has to be connected according to the connection diagrams. The motor is connected to terminals L/i and T/k or L1/i and T1/k. The flow direction of the current has to be observed. On reverse power the unit gives a fault signal. The max continuous motor current is 40 A limited by the terminals. With higher currents a current transformer with 2,5 VA has to be used.

Set up procedure and setting instructions



The adjustment of the unit can be made without additional measuring equipment and calculations. Please make sure that the load values are in the permitted operating range of the unit. Based on the max permitted values the BH 9097 can be used for 48 kW 3-phase motors at 3 AC 690 V and 5.8 kW single phase motors at AC 230 V.

There are three methods to set up the unit:

Method 1:

If the absolute values of the actual required tripping points P_1 and P_2 are known, they can be set directly on the unit (2-digit setting of P_1 and P_2).

Method 2:

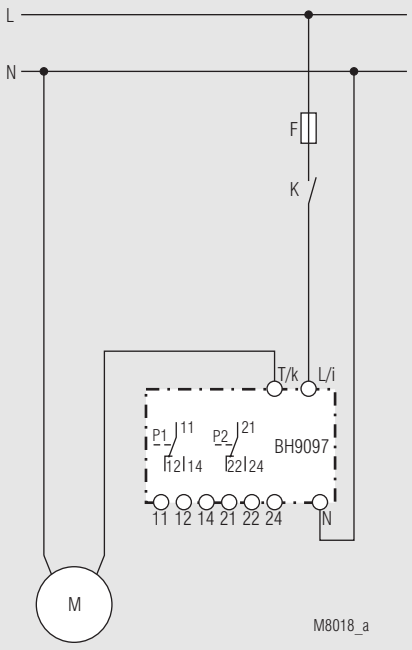
This method is recommended when it is possible to simulate the different load situations during set-up. In this case nothing has to be calculated. Turn the delay time for P_1 and P_2 to min. The motor runs in underload while the Pot 1 is turned until the output relay switches. The same has to be done for overload. Now the unit is set accurately. Now adjust the operate delay and the start-up delay to the required values.
Pressing the test / reset button during setup disables the switching of the output relays. The LEDs of P_1 and P_2 flash.

Method 3:

This method is the most simple one but not the most accurate. The operate delay is set to min. The motor is switched on and runs on nominal load. With both potentiometers the set points are searched by slowly turning the max. Pot from high to low value and the min. Pot from low to high value until the corresponding output relays switch. After that turn the Pot P_2 to the right (e.g. + 10 %) side and the Pot P_1 to the left (e.g. - 10 %) until the output relays reset. The unit is now set and responds if the load differs from the nominal value. Finally set the operate delay and start-up delay to the required values. The DIP switch should be set to $P_{1\ min}$ / $P_{2\ max}$.

Connection examples

single phase



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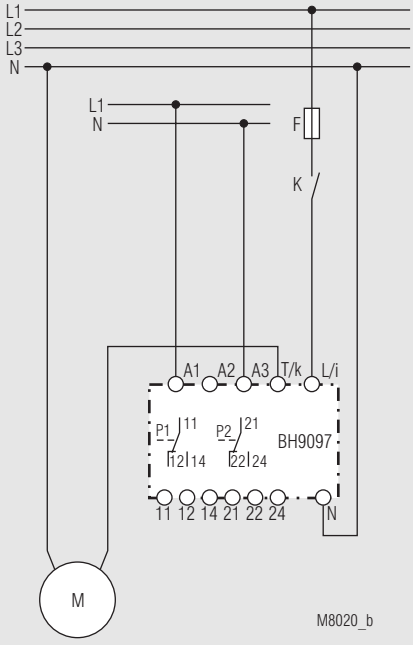

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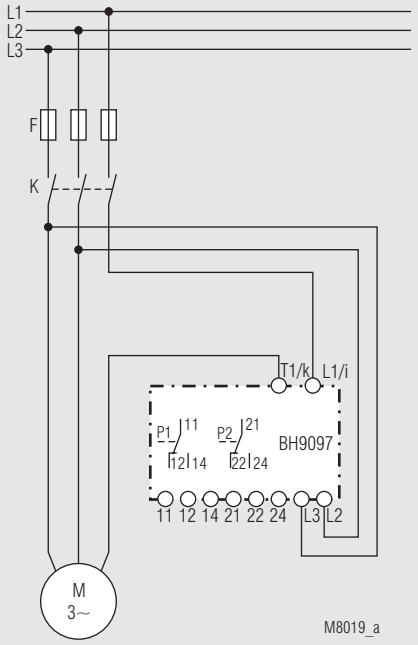
Connection examples

3-phase



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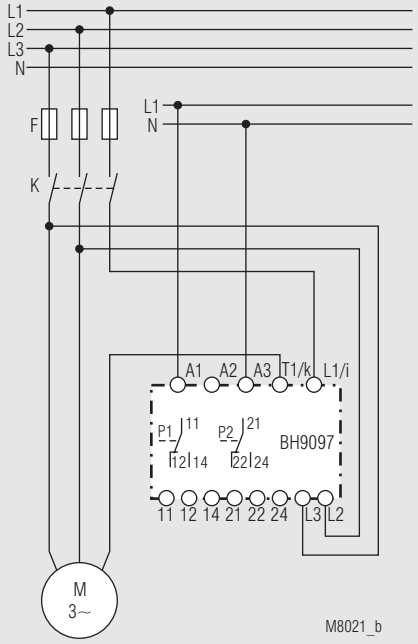

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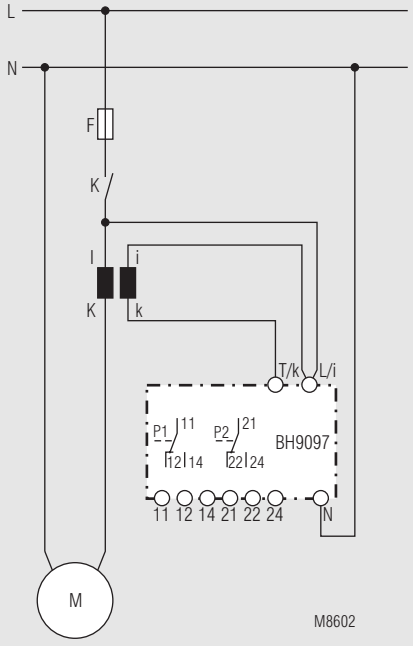
Connection examples with external current transformer

single phase



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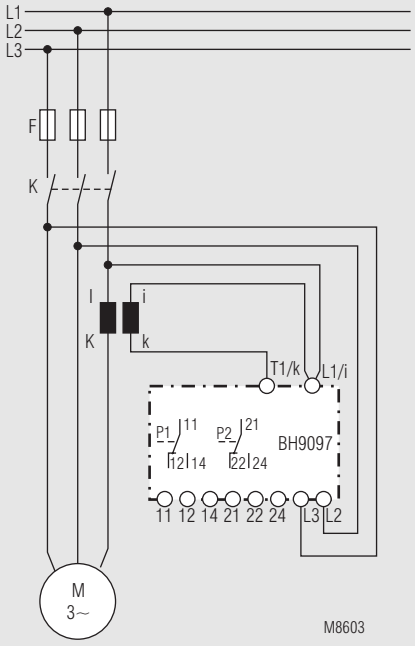
3-phase



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Note: When using external CTs the adjusted value has to be multiplied with the transmission ratio (ü) of the CT.

Example: Switching value = Setting value (P1/P2) x ü